The corporate governance status of the Nabtesco Group is as indicated below.

I. **Basic views on corporate governance, capital structure, corporate attributes and other basic information**

1. **Basic views**

   Based on its corporate philosophy, which states, “The Nabtesco Group, with our unique motion control technology, will provide safety, comfort and a sense of security in daily lives as well as any form of transportation,” and through the implementation of “The Nabtesco Way,” the Nabtesco Group endeavors to enhance its corporate governance with the aim of realizing the Group’s sustainable growth, enhancing its medium- to long-term corporate value and earning the greater trust of its stakeholders.

   Nabtesco has also established the Corporate Governance Basic Policy (hereafter, “Basic Policy”), which is posted on our corporate website.

   Corporate Governance Basic Policy:
   https://www.nabtesco.com/ir/policy/governance.html

   [Reasons for non-compliance with the principles of the Corporate Governance Code]

   Nabtesco executes all principles of the revised Corporate Governance Code published on June 1, 2018.

   [Disclosure based on the principles of the Corporate Governance Code]  Updated

   [Principle 1-4] Cross-Shareholdings

   Please refer to Article 4 (Basic Policy on Cross-Shareholdings and Exercising of Voting Rights Concerning Cross-Shareholdings) of the Basic Policy.

   In line with a basic policy under which it should as soon as possible dispose of and reduce cross-shareholdings that it finds of little significance in light of circumstances as of the end of an immediate fiscal year, the Board of Directors annually assesses, based on certain standards, whether a purpose of holding each individual stock is appropriate and whether the benefits and risks from each holding cover its cost of capital and reviews whether or not to continue to hold
the stock and the number of shares of the stock that it holds.
Nabtesco assessed each individual stock based on its standards on whether or not to continue to hold the stock at the Board of Directors meeting held on February 16, 2018, and consequently decided to continue to hold shares that it held as cross-shareholdings at the end of fiscal year 2017 (11 stock).

[Principle 1-7] Related party transactions
Please refer to Article 5 (Related Party Transactions) of the Basic Policy.

[Principle 2-6] Roles of Corporate Pension Funds as Asset Owners
Nabtesco deems that Principle 2-6 is not applicable to it because it adopts a defined contribution corporate pension plan as its retirement pension plan.

[Principle 3-1(i)] Business principles, business strategies and business plans
Nabtesco has set out its Action Guidelines as a common set of principles applying to all employees in the performance of their duties and decision-making. The Action Guidelines, along with our Corporate Philosophy and Our Promises, are collectively referred to as The Nabtesco Way, which is disclosed on our website and via other tools. Nabtesco has also formulated and disclosed a Long-term Vision that integrates the ideal image of our goals for FY2020, as well as a Medium-term Management Plan. Please refer to our webpages below for details.
The Nabtesco Way: http://www.nabtesco.com/company/greeting.html

[Principle 3-1(ii)] Basic views and guidelines on corporate governance
Please refer to “I. 1. Basic views” of this report.

[Principle 3-1(iii)] Board policies and procedures in determining the remuneration of senior management and directors
Please refer to Article 24 (Remuneration of Management Personnel) of the Basic Policy.

[Principle 3-1(iv)] Board policies and procedures in the appointment/dismissal of senior management and the nomination of directors and corporate auditor candidates
Please refer to Article 23 (Nomination of Directors, Corporate Auditors and CEO) of the Basic
Policy.

[Principle 3-1(v)] Explanations with respect to the individual appointments/dismissals and nominations at the time of the appointment/dismissal of senior management and the nomination of directors and corporate auditor candidates by the Board of Directors
The reasons for appointing particular candidates to the position of outside director, and the career summaries, positions and assignments of other directors and corporate auditors, are disclosed in the notice of convocation of annual general meeting of shareholders and other materials. Please refer to our webpage below for details.
http://www.nabtesco.com/stock/shareholders_meeting.html

[Supplementary Principle 4-1-1] Delegation to management
Please refer to Article 15 (Delegation to Management Personnel) of the Basic Policy.

[Principle 4-9] Independence Standards and Qualification for Independent Outside Directors
Please refer to Article 18 (Independent Outside Directors) of the Basic Policy.

[Supplementary Principle 4-11-1] Composition of the Board of Directors
Please refer to Article 16 (Composition of the Board of Directors) of the Basic Policy.

[Supplementary Principle 4-11-2] Significant positions concurrently held by outside directors and outside corporate auditors
Significant positions concurrently held by outside directors and outside corporate auditors are disclosed every year in the notice of convocation of annual general meeting of shareholders and other materials. Please refer to our webpage below for details.
http://www.nabtesco.com/stock/shareholders_meeting.html

[Supplementary Principle 4-11-3] Assessment of effectiveness of the Board of Directors
Nabtesco conducts analysis and assessment of the effectiveness of the Board of Directors every year based on the self-assessment, etc. of each director with the aim of enhancing the functionality of the Board. In FY2017, self-assessment was conducted by directors and corporate auditors by way of anonymous questionnaires, and the results were analyzed and evaluated at the Board of Directors meeting. According to the results, the directors believe that the number and composition of the Board of Directors are appropriate and that unrestricted and constructive discussions take place. They also believe that outside directors in particular expand their understanding and insight about Nabtesco’s business by holding Board of Directors’
meetings at factories, which started from FY2017. Taking these points into consideration, the effectiveness of the Board is considered to be well-secured. On the other hand, with regard to how to proceed with discussions by the Board of Directors, various issues have emerged such as: securing enough time for deliberations on important business issues such as a growth strategy; further transfer of power to a subordinate body in order to secure the aforementioned deliberation time; and promoting further efficiency of the management of the Board of Directors.

Nabtesco will further enhance its corporate governance system to increase its corporate value through better corporate management. Based on the aforementioned evaluation results, we will further enhance the functionality of the Board on a continual basis.

[Supplementary Principle 4-14-2] Self-improvement and training for directors and corporate auditors
Please refer to Article 27 (Self-improvement and Training for Directors and Corporate Auditors) of the Basic Policy.

[Principle 5-1] Constructive dialogue
Please refer to Article 29 (Constructive Dialogue) of the Basic Policy.

2. Capital structure
Foreign shareholding ratio No less than 30%

[Status of major shareholders] Updated

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name/company name</th>
<th>Number of shares owned</th>
<th>Ratio (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY</td>
<td>7,086,154</td>
<td>5.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Accounts)</td>
<td>6,489,100</td>
<td>5.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Central Japan Railway Company</td>
<td>5,171,000</td>
<td>4.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Accounts)</td>
<td>4,991,900</td>
<td>3.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY 505001</td>
<td>3,885,763</td>
<td>3.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FANUC CORPORATION</td>
<td>3,760,000</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BNP PARIBAS SEC SERVICES LUXEMBOURG / JASDEC / ABERDEEN GLOBAL CLIENT ASSETS</td>
<td>3,734,300</td>
<td>2.98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harmonic Drive Systems, Inc.</td>
<td>3,265,000</td>
<td>2.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JP Morgan Securities Japan Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>2,116,850</td>
<td>1.69</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Controlling shareholder (except for parent company)  —
Parent company                     None

Supplementary explanation  Updated
The status of shareholders is as of June 30, 2018. Large shareholding reports as below have been
filed but we cannot fully obtain information on the number of shares owned by beneficiary
owners. The above status of major shareholders is therefore based on descriptions on the
shareholder registry.
The large shareholding reports filed are as follows:
Owner of stock: Aberdeen Standard Investments PLC and four other companies
Date on which reporting was mandated: September 14, 2018
Submission date: September 25, 2018
Number of shares held: 8,725,636
Ratio of shares held: 6.97%

Owner of stock: FMR LLC
Date on which reporting was mandated: February 15, 2018
Submission date: February 22, 2018
Number of shares held: 7,249,746
Ratio of shares held: 5.79%

Owner of stock: Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited and two other companies
Date on which reporting was mandated: February 15, 2018
Submission date: February 22, 2018
Number of shares held: 5,451,100
Ratio of shares held: 4.36%

3. Corporate attributes
Listed stock market and market section  Tokyo Stock Exchange First Section
Fiscal year-end                     December
Business category                   Machinery
Number of employees (consolidated) as of the  1,000 or more
end of the previous fiscal year
Sales (consolidated) as of the end of the previous fiscal year 100 billion yen or more, and less than 1 trillion yen
Number of consolidated subsidiaries as of the end of the previous fiscal year 50 or more, and less than 100

4. Guidelines for measures to protect minority shareholders in conducting transactions, etc. with controlling shareholders
   —

5. Other special circumstances that may have a material impact on corporate governance
   —
II. Business management organization and other corporate governance systems with regard to decision-making, execution of business and oversight in management

1. Organizational composition and operations, etc.

   Organization form: Company with “Kansayaku” (corporate auditors)

   [Directors]
   - Maximum number of directors stipulated in the Articles of Incorporation: 10
   - Term of office for directors stipulated in the Articles of Incorporation: 1 year
   - Chairperson of the Board: Chairperson (excluding cases where the chairperson concurrently serves as president)
   - Number of directors: 10
   - Selection status of outside directors: Selected
   - Number of outside directors: 3
   - Number of independent directors among outside directors: 3

   Outside directors’ relationship with the Company (1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Relationship with the Company (*)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>a  b  c  d  e  f  g  h  i  j  k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yutaka Fujiwara</td>
<td>From another company</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norio Uchida</td>
<td>From another company</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naoko Yamazaki</td>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   * Categories of relationship with the Company
   * “●” When a close relative of the director presently falls, or has recently fallen, within the category; “△” when a close relative of the director fell within the category in the past
   * “○” When a main business partner of the director presently falls, or has recently fallen, within the category; “▲” when a main business partner of the director fell within the category in the past

   a. A person who executes business of the Company or its subsidiary
   b. A person who executes business or a non-executive director of a parent company of the Company
   c. A person who executes business of a brother company of the Company
   d. A person whose main business partner is the Company or a person who executes business of the same
   e. A main business partner of the Company or a person who executes business of the same
   f. A consultant, accountant or legal expert who receives a large amount of cash or other properties from the Company, in addition to executive remuneration
g. A major shareholder of the Company (if the said major shareholder is a corporation, a person who executes business of the said corporation)

h. A person who executes business of a business partner of the Company (that does not correspond to d, e, or f; applies only to the person in question)

i. A person who executes business of an entity with which the Company has a cross-directorship arrangement (applies only to the person in question)

j. A person who executes business of an entity that receives a donation from the Company (applies only to the person in question)

k. Others

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Independent director</th>
<th>Supplementary explanation for applicable items</th>
<th>Reasons for appointment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yutaka Fujiwara</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>Mr. Fujiwara satisfies the conditions defined by the Company in the Criteria for the Impartiality of Outside Directors and Outside Corporate Auditors. The Company has already designated him as an independent director under the provisions set forth by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. (Please refer to “Matters related to Independent Directors and Other Directors” for details of the Criteria for the Impartiality of Outside Directors and Outside Corporate Auditors.) (Significant positions concurrently held) President &amp; CEO, Cross-Border Bridge Corporation Outside Director Kitto Corporation</td>
<td>Mr. Fujiwara has worked overseas for a number of years and has a wide range of experiences and extensive knowledge and insight on global business. He also has expertise in advanced corporate strategies and financial affairs, having been in charge of the financial affairs and investor relations sectors of a listed company. The Company, having high regard for his experience and insight, deems that he is capable of providing supervision and advice utilizing his knowledge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norio Uchida</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>Mr. Uchida satisfies the conditions defined by the Company in the Criteria for the Impartiality of Outside Directors and Outside Corporate Auditors. The Company has already designated him as an independent director under the provisions set forth by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. (Please refer to “Matters related to Independent Directors and Other Directors” for details of the Criteria for the Impartiality of Outside Directors and Outside Corporate Auditors.)</td>
<td>Mr. Uchida has served as Representative Director of Topcon Corporation and has broad experience and extensive knowledge and insight as a corporate executive. The Company, having high regard for his experience and insight, deems that he is capable of providing supervision and advice on technical development and overall global business.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Naoko Yamazaki

Ms. Yamazaki satisfies the conditions defined by the Company in the "Criteria for the Impartiality of Outside Directors and Outside Corporate Auditors." The Company has already designated her as an independent director under the provisions set forth by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. (Please refer to “Matters related to Independent Directors and Other Directors” for details of the Criteria for the Impartiality of Outside Directors and Outside Corporate Auditors.)

Ms. Yamazaki has broad insight as an engineer regarding the latest aerospace engineering and the field of manned space machinery systems including robotic arms, and additionally has broad skills in risk management backed by experience as an astronaut in conducting crisis management in the harsh, resource-limited environment of spacecraft. The Company, having high regard for her experience and insight, deems that she is capable of providing supervision and advice based on decisions made from an objective and fair viewpoint.

Voluntary establishment of committees corresponding to nomination committee or remuneration committee

status of voluntary establishment of committees, their member composition and attributes of their chairpersons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Committee corresponding to nomination committee</th>
<th>Name of committee</th>
<th>Total number of members</th>
<th>Full-time members</th>
<th>Number of internal directors</th>
<th>Number of outside directors</th>
<th>Number of outside experts</th>
<th>Number of others</th>
<th>Chairperson</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nomination Committee</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Internal director</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remuneration Committee</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Internal director</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Supplementary explanation

Nomination Committee

The Company established the Nomination Committee as a consultative body of the Board of Directors to deliberate the nomination of candidates for director, corporate auditor, CEO and representative director positions as well as a plan for successor to the CEO etc., and to report the results to the Board of Directors. The committee is composed of three to five members, the majority of whom are independent outside directors (Article 21 of the Basic Policy). The committee is
currently composed of five members, including two outside directors and one outside corporate auditor. (“One” written in the “Number of others” column in the above table refers to an outside corporate auditor.)

Remuneration Committee
The Company established the Remuneration Committee as a consultative body of the Board of Directors to deliberate the remuneration of the management team and to report the results to the Board of Directors. The committee comprises three to five members, with a majority being independent outside officers (Article 22 of the Basic Policy). The committee is currently composed of three members, including one outside director and one outside corporate auditor. (“One” written in the “Number of others” column in the above table refers to an outside corporate auditor.)

[Corporate auditors]

Establishment of the Board of Corporate Auditors

| Maximum number of corporate auditors stipulated in the Articles of Incorporation | Established |
| Number of corporate auditors | 5 |

Cooperation among corporate auditors, accounting auditors and internal audit departments

Corporate auditors, including outside auditors, exchange information with the Business Auditing Department and hold the Board of Group Corporate Auditors meetings. Furthermore, they organize briefing sessions on auditing plans and results jointly with accounting auditors and foster mutual cooperation on occasions such as on-site inspections of inventories at factories. Moreover, corporate auditors and members of the internal auditing and accounting departments regularly have meetings and exchange information with accounting auditors on the status of development and operation of “internal control over financial reporting.”

Appointment of outside corporate auditors

| Number of outside corporate auditors | Appointed |
| Number of outside corporate auditors | 3 |

| Number of outside corporate auditors who are designated as independent directors | 3 |

Outside corporate auditors’ relationships with the Company (1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Relationship with the Company (*)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>a b c d e f g h i j k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hisao Katayama</td>
<td>From another company</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zenzo Sasaki</td>
<td>Attorney</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Takemi Nagasaka</td>
<td>From another company</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
* Categories of relationship with the Company
* “○” when the corporate auditor presently falls, or has recently fallen, within the category; “△” when the corporate auditor fell within the category in the past
* “●” when a close relative of the corporate auditor presently falls, or has recently fallen, within the category; “▲” when a close relative of the corporate auditor fell within the category in the past

a. A person who executes business of the Company or its subsidiary
b. A non-executive director or accounting advisor of the Company or its subsidiary
c. A person who executes business or a non-executive director of a parent company of the Company
d. A corporate auditor of a parent company of the Company
e. A person who executes business of a brother company of the Company
f. A person whose main business partner is the Company or a person who executes business of the same

g. A main business partner of the Company or a person who executes business of the same
h. A consultant, accountant or legal expert who receives a large amount of cash or other properties from the Company, in addition to executive remuneration
i. A major shareholder of the Company (if the said major shareholder is a corporation, a person who executes business of the said corporation)
j. A person who executes business of a business partner of the Company (that does not correspond to f, g, or h; applies only to the person in question)
k. A person who executes business of an entity with which the Company has a cross-directorship arrangement (applies only to the person in question)
l. A person who executes business of an entity that receives a donation from the Company (applies only to the person in question)
m. Others

Outside corporate auditors’ relationships with the Company (2)  Updated

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Independent director</th>
<th>Supplementary explanation for applicable items</th>
<th>Reasons for appointment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hisao Katayama</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>Mr. Katayama satisfies the conditions defined by the Company in the “Criteria for the Impartiality of Outside Directors and Outside Corporate Auditors.” The Company has already designated him as an independent director under the provisions set forth by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. (Please refer to “Matters related to Independent Directors and Other Directors” for details of the “Criteria for the Impartiality of Outside Directors and Outside Corporate Auditors.”) (Significant positions concurrently held) Outside Director of YUSHIRO CHEMICAL INDUSTRY CO., LTD.</td>
<td>Mr. Katayama has long served as president of ART METAL MFG. CO., LTD., and has broad experience and extensive knowledge and insight as a corporate executive, based on which he is capable of making fair decisions and maintaining objectiveness and neutrality toward management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zenzo Sasaki</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>Mr. Sasaki satisfies the conditions defined by the Company in the “Criteria for the Impartiality of Outside</td>
<td>Mr. Sasaki has many years of service as a public prosecutor, with a high level of legal knowledge, along with extensive insights and abilities regarding organizational</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directors and Outside Corporate Auditors. The Company has already designated him as an independent director under the provisions set forth by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. (Please refer to “Matters related to Independent Directors and Other Directors” for details of the “Criteria for the Impartiality of Outside Directors and Outside Corporate Auditors.”)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Significant positions concurrently held)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attorney at Harumi-kyowa Law Offices</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. Nagasaka satisfies the conditions defined by the Company in the “Criteria for the Impartiality of Outside Directors and Outside Corporate Auditors.” The Company has already designated him as an independent director under the provisions set forth by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. (Please refer to “Matters related to Independent Directors and Other Directors” for details of the “Criteria for the Impartiality of Outside Directors and Outside Corporate Auditors.”)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Significant positions concurrently held)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit &amp; Supervisory Board Member of DAIO Paper Corporation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit &amp; Supervisory Board Member of Solize Corporation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. Nagasaka, a certified public accountant, has specialized knowledge regarding accounting and finance and experience in management, based on which he is capable of making fair decisions and maintaining objectiveness and neutrality toward management.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Takemi Nagasaka |  ○ |
| Number of independent directors | Updated | 6 |

Other matters relating to independent directors

The Company considers an outside director/corporate auditor to be independent if all of the following requirements are met, in addition to the requirements for independent directors as
defined by the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

1) The outside director/corporate auditor is not a current major shareholder (*) of the Company or a person who executes its business;
* Person who directly or indirectly holds more than 5% of all voting rights or a person who is listed among the top 10 shareholders in the most recent shareholder registry;
2) The outside director/corporate auditor is not a person who executes business of a major lender (*) of the Group;
* A financial institution group (person who belongs to the consolidated group to which the Group’s direct lender belongs) from which the Group borrows funds and the Group’s total amount of borrowing from such financial institution group exceeds 2% of the Group’s consolidated total assets as of the end of the previous fiscal year;
3) The outside director/corporate auditor is not a major business partner (yearly transaction amount exceeds 1% of consolidated net sales) or a person who executes its business;
4) The outside director/corporate auditor is not a person for whom the Group is a major business partner (yearly transaction amount exceeds 1% of the counterparty’s consolidated net sales) or a person who executes its business;
5) The outside director/corporate auditor is not a consultant, accounting professional or legal professional who receives a large amount of money (more than ¥6 million yearly) other than the remuneration for directorship/auditorship from the Group (including cases where organizations such as corporations and associations to which such outside director/corporate auditor belongs receive the remuneration);
6) The outside director/corporate auditor is not an executive of an organization such as a corporation or an association that receives a large amount of donations (more than ¥6 million yearly) from the Group;
7) The outside director/corporate auditor is not a spouse or a relative within the second degree of consanguinity of a person who executes business of the Group;
8) The outside director/corporate auditor has not fallen under requirements 1) through 6) for the past three years.
9) The outside director/corporate auditor holds his/her office as an outside officer of Nabtesco for a period not exceeding eight years in total.

[Incentives]
Implementation status of policies concerning incentives for directors  Updated
Introduction of performance-based remuneration

Supplementary explanation for applicable items  Updated
(1) Remuneration, etc. of directors comprises “monthly compensation,” which is made up of fixed
compensation and short-term performance-linked compensation, and “stock compensation,” which is offered in consideration of medium- to long-term performance. However, the compensation standard and its configuration are reviewed as necessary and as appropriate according to changes in the business environment.

(2) ROIC and current income for improving ROE are key indicators as performance indicators for the performance-linked compensation. With regard to the operating departments, the amount of remuneration to be paid is decided according to the degree of achievement of targets, such as net sales, operating profit, R&D indicators, environmental indicators, etc.

(3) For the purpose of establishing remuneration that will further motivate corporate management cognizant of the business performance and share price from a medium- to long-term perspective, the Company has introduced a stock compensation plan in the form of a Board Benefit Trust (BBT). The plan is a system in which Nabtesco shares are acquired through a trust using money contributed by the Company as funds, and every year points (hereinafter, “share grant points”) shall be awarded to directors, etc. based on their positions and business performances in accordance with the Regulations for Provision of Shares to Officers formulated by the Company, and Nabtesco shares and the cash conversion equivalent of Nabtesco shares shall be subject to grant or provision through the Trust at prescribed times in accordance with the number of share grant points. (Resolved at the 14th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 28, 2017.)

(4) With the introduction of a stock compensation plan in the form of a Board Benefit Trust (BBT), the Company abolished the existing long-term performance-linked stock compensation-type stock option (resolved at the 6th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 24, 2009) and the medium-term performance-linked stock compensation-type stock option (resolved at the 11th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 24, 2014).

Recipients of stock options   Updated

Supplementary explanation for applicable items   Updated

[Matters relating to remuneration for directors]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disclosure (of individual remuneration of each director)</th>
<th>Individual remuneration is not disclosed.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Supplementary explanation for applicable items

The number of directors eligible for remuneration for directors and the total remuneration amount are disclosed in Nabtesco’s financial reports and business reports, which are available on our website.
Disclosure of policy on determination of remuneration amounts or calculation methods

The remuneration provided to directors of the Company is determined at the Board of Directors meeting after its upper limit is approved at the annual general meeting of shareholders and the Remuneration Committee deliberates on the amount and reports the results to the Board of Directors. In fiscal 2017, the total annual remuneration amount was 406 million yen for 11 directors (including 28 million yen for three outside directors). Of the total amount of 406 million yen, monthly and other compensations accounted for 263 million yen (of which 28 million yen was for three outside directors) and stock compensation-type stock options accounted for 8 million yen. With the introduction of a stock compensation plan in the form of a “Board Benefit Trust (BBT; outside directors are not eligible for this compensation plan),” 134 million yen is recorded as expenses based on the number of stock delivery points granted or expected to be granted in fiscal 2017.

[Supporting system for outside directors (outside corporate auditors)] Updated
Outside directors and outside corporate auditors are provided with uninterrupted access to management information via the management information online database, as well as notifications of Board of Directors meetings and the agenda to be discussed. Notifications of Board of Directors meetings are also sent separately via Internet mail.

2. Matters concerning functions of business execution, auditing, oversight, nomination and remuneration decisions (overview of current corporate governance system) Updated

Board of Directors
Composed of 10 directors including three outside directors, the Board of Directors formulates the Group’s basic policies and strategies, makes decisions about the execution of important business matters and supervises the way business is carried out. Meetings are held at least once a month in principle. During fiscal 2017, 18 meetings were held.

Corporate Officers Committee
A body devoted to the execution of business pursuant to the policies and strategies of the Board of Directors under the supervision of the Board. Composed of 23 members including executive officers who are representatives of four major Group companies, the body holds regular meetings. During fiscal 2017, 13 meetings were held.

Board of Corporate Auditors
Composed of five members including three outside corporate auditors, the Board of Corporate Auditors maintains the Board of Group Corporate Auditors, the members of which include corporate auditors of Group companies, as a way of strengthening audit functions of the Group. During fiscal 2017, 13 Board of Corporate Auditors meetings and two Board of Group Corporate Auditors meetings were held.

Management Committee
In line with the policies decided by the Board of Directors, the Management Committee serves as the body that discusses important matters relating to execution of the Group’s business and reports on results and the execution of business. It is composed of full-time directors and executive officers, and holds meetings once a month in principle. During fiscal 2017, 20 meetings were held.

Nomination Committee
The Company established the Nomination Committee as a consultative body of the Board of Directors to deliberate the nomination of candidates for director, corporate auditor, CEO and representative director positions as well as a plan for successor to the CEO etc. The committee is composed of five members including three outside directors.

Remuneration Committee
Nabtesco has established the Remuneration Committee as a consultative body of the Board of Directors to deliberate the outline and implementation of directors and executive officers’ employment terms including remuneration to ensure their optimization. The committee is composed of three members including two outside directors.

Compliance Committee
Nabtesco has established the Compliance Committee as a consultative body of the Board of Directors to promote the compliance of the Group by providing the Board of Directors with advice on basic policy and major priority areas concerning the Group’s compliance system. The committee is composed of seven members, including one outside director and one outside expert.

Business Auditing Department
With the aim of contributing to sound management control and in an attempt to improve effective operation and quality of Group management activities, the Business Auditing Department (composed of nine members) continued to conduct internal business audits of corporate divisions, in-house companies and Group companies.

3. Reasons for adopting the current corporate governance system
   Updated
   • The Company’s Board of Directors is composed of 10 members including three independent
outside directors, and their term of office is set as one year by the Articles of Incorporation in order to clarify the management responsibility of directors. The Remuneration Committee composed of three members including two independent outside directors has been established as a consultative body of the Board of Directors to deliberate the remuneration of the management team and report the results to the Board of Directors. Furthermore, the Nomination Committee composed of two directors and three independent outside directors has been established as a consultative body of the Board of Directors to deliberate the nomination of candidates for director, corporate auditor, CEO and representative director positions as well as a plan for successor to the CEO etc., and to report the results to the Board of Directors.

- The Company’s Board of Corporate Auditors is composed of five members including three outside corporate auditors, and maintains the Board of Group Corporate Auditors, the members of which include corporate auditors of Group companies, as a way of strengthening audit functions of the Group.

By improving and reinforcing the corporate governance systems mentioned above, we will maintain expeditiousness and flexibility in business execution, strengthen our overall corporate governance, and clarify where responsibility lies, thus realizing efficient and transparent business management, which is considered helpful in enhancing the corporate value of the Nabtesco Group.

- In order to place importance on the supervision function of the Board of Directors and further clarify that we will establish a system in which executive officers played a key role in carrying out business, the Company, by amendment of its Articles of Incorporation as of March 27, 2018, changed the position of president into executive officer, altered the system so that the president is appointed among from executive officers, and abolished the position of titled directors, with the exception of the Chairman of the Board, who is a chairman of the Board of Directors. (Resolution of the 15th annual general meeting of shareholders held on March 27, 2018.)

III. Implementation of measures for shareholders and other stakeholders

1. Measures to vitalize general meetings of shareholders and to ensure the smooth exercising of voting rights  

   Updated

   Supplementary explanations

   Early notification of annual general meeting of shareholders

   The notifications of the general meetings of shareholders have been sent out three weeks before the meetings since 2007.

   Scheduling annual general meetings of shareholders to avoid the peak day

   Our annual general meetings of shareholders are scheduled on days other than the peak day. The month in which the annual general meeting of shareholders is held has been changed from June to March in accordance
with the change in our accounting closing date in fiscal 2015. This year, the meeting was held on March 27, 2018.

Allowing exercise of voting rights by electronic and magnetic means
A system for exercising voting rights by electronic and magnetic means has been adopted since 2006.

Participation in electronic voting platform and other initiatives to improve the environment for institutional investors to exercise their voting rights
We have participated in an electronic voting platform since 2007.

Providing convocation notice (summary) in English
The reference document attached to the notice of convocation has been posted on our website in English since 2012. Additionally, we have also posted on our website some parts of our business reports and consolidated financial statements in English since 2016.

Other
Since 2013, we have posted our notice of convocation on our website before sending it to shareholders. In 2018, it was posted about one month before the annual general meeting of shareholders. Since 2018, we have posted notes to the consolidated and non-consolidated financial statements on our website in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations and Article 16 of the Articles of Incorporation.

2. IR activities Updated

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Supplementary explanations</th>
<th>Explanation by the representative in person</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preparation and publication of a disclosure policy</td>
<td>The basic policy on IR information disclosure is posted on Nabtesco’s website.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regular investor briefings for individual investors</td>
<td>Briefing sessions are held at branches of securities firms nationwide.</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regular investor briefings for analysts and institutional investors</td>
<td>Briefing sessions are held twice a year after announcing the six-month and full-year results.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regular investor briefings for overseas investors</td>
<td>In fiscal 2016, we visited investors and held meetings in Europe, the US, Singapore, Hong Kong and China.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Posting IR materials on website</td>
<td>Financial reports, annual reports, securities reports, news releases, CSR reports</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
and integrated reports, among others, are posted on Nabtesco’s website.

Establishment of department (manager) in charge of IR

The unit of the General Administration Department that had been in charge of CSR and IR activities was reorganized into a newly established department, the Corporate Communication Department, in January 2018 for active promotion of those activities.

3. Measures for respecting the position of stakeholders

Updated

Supplementary explanations

Stipulation of internal rules for respecting the position of stakeholders

We have established The Nabtesco Way, which is composed of the Corporate Philosophy and Our Promises as well as the Action Guidelines, as a common set of principles applying to all employees in the performance of their duties and decision-making, and the Nabtesco Group Code of Ethics.

Implementation of environmental protection and CSR activities

As the priority focus of its CSR activities, the Group is planning to implement measures for the environment and the fulfillment of CSR across its supply chain. The Group includes “consideration for the global environment” among its top priority management challenges and has formulated the Environmental Philosophy and the Environmental Action Plan as specific Group-wide action guidelines. Under these guidelines, we proactively work toward reducing the environmental impact of our business activities and improving the environment by setting quantitative targets whenever possible. In terms of supply chain management, we established the Nabtesco Group CSR-Oriented Procurement Policy in April 2014 with the aim of addressing global human rights issues, such as child labor, forced labor and the issue of conflict minerals. In the same month, we announced our support for and signed the United Nations Global Compact in our further efforts to foster CSR-oriented management. Specific activities related to CSR are summarized in our CSR Reports issued annually since 2011 and our Integrated Reports issued since 2014.
In August 2016, the CSR Committee was established directly under the CEO to oversee the Group’s entire CSR activities and, in December 2016, the CSR Basic Policy was established with the aim of promoting CSR-oriented management in a more systematic manner.

In December 2017, the “Nabtesco Group Human Rights Policy” was established with the aim of having all officers and employees of the Group comply with international standards and laws and regulations of each country and area, and implementing efforts to respect human rights.

In June 2018, the Nabtesco Group Policy on Corporate Citizenship Activities was established as our approach toward strategic promotion of Group-wide corporate citizenship activities with regard to “local community development,” which is part of the Materiality (Material CSR Issues).

Formulation of policies on the provision of information to stakeholders

The Insider Information Management Standards and the Guidelines on Information Disclosure for Public Relations and IR have been established.

IV. Matters related to the internal control system

1. Basic views on the internal control system and progress of system development

Updated

The Group’s basic policies for construction of internal control systems are set forth as follows.

The chief executive officer (CEO) shall be the top executive responsible for the promotion of internal control. The Board of Directors shall examine the maintenance of internal control systems on a continual basis in line with changes in the business environment and social needs, revisions to laws and regulations, risk diversification and other factors, and shall conduct a review yearly and whenever else necessary.

1. The System ensuring that directors and employees execute their duties in compliance with laws and the Articles of Incorporation

(1) Directors and employees shall comply with The Nabtesco Way and the Nabtesco Group Code of Ethics as the cornerstones of proper and fair business activities, and shall behave in accordance with social norms/ethics as members of society, and shall endeavor to establish and maintain a sound corporate culture.

(2) (The Board of) Directors shall make proper decisions on important management matters stipulated in laws and regulations, the Articles of Incorporation, the Regulations of the Board of Directors, and Group regulations for responsibility and authority.

(3) Directors shall perform their respectively assigned duties in accordance with proper decisions by
the Board of Directors, and shall report on the performance of their duties to the Board of Directors. Should a director have any doubts as to whether the execution of operations by himself/herself or other directors is in compliance with the law and the Articles of Incorporation, the director shall report these doubts to the Board of Directors and (the Board of) Corporate Auditors.

(4) Directors and employees shall ensure the rationality and legality of their decisions by actively hearing the expert opinions of Expert Staff Members of the Head Office and/or outside the Company during decision-making and performance of duties.

(5) The Board of Directors shall make use of the multifaceted and impartial advice provided by outside directors and outside corporate auditors to make appropriate decisions.

(6) In order to promote the compliance of the Group, the Compliance Committee shall be set up as a consultative body of the Board of Directors. The committee shall deliberate important matters, etc. concerning compliance and report to the Board of Directors.

(7) To assist the CEO in promoting compliance, organizations responsible for promoting compliance shall be set up to review compliance systems in accordance with social conditions, revision of laws, etc., and to provide compliance education to directors and employees.

(8) Directors and employees shall be obliged to report any misconduct within the Group, and a corporate ethics hotline shall be created and operated as one of the methods to achieve this. Those who reported to the corporate ethics hotline shall not be treated unfavorably as a result.

(9) To ensure the fairness of financial reports, an internal control system concerning financial reports and a system to evaluate its efficacy shall be developed and operated.

2. The System for storing and managing information on the execution of duties by directors

(1) Directors shall properly prepare and store/manage the following information (in written form or on electromagnetic record; the same applies hereinafter) on the performance of their duties in keeping with their respective duties and in accordance with laws and company regulations.

(i) Minutes of general shareholders meetings and related documentation
(ii) Minutes of Board of Directors meetings and related documentation
(iii) Records of the proceedings at other important meetings of directors (e.g., Management Committee meetings) and related documentation
(iv) Notices of decisions made by directors and appended documentation
(v) Other important documentation related to directors’ performance of their duties

(2) The parties responsible for the preparation and storage/management of the information set forth in (1) above shall be the chairmen of the respective meetings or a separately assigned director or decision-maker, or the director responsible for performing the duties in question.

(3) Efforts shall be made to establish and continually strengthen/improve adequate security for electromagnetic records to combat the risks of unauthorized disclosure posed by the increasing
sophistication of information technology.

3. The System of regulations on managing the risk of loss, etc.
   (1) The system shall be developed so that a scheme shall be put in place to ensure that profits and losses, asset efficiency, quality issues, accidents and other matters concerning the execution of operations are reported to the Board of Directors in a suitable and timely fashion, and to ensure that directors and employees aware of matters that could have a seriously adverse impact on Nabtesco and its Group shall report these promptly and precisely to (the Board of) Directors, and efforts shall be made to discover risks early so as to minimize losses.
   (2) In order to manage various risks and prevent losses that accompany business activities, cross-group organizations such as the Risk Management Committee, the Group Quality & PL Committee and the Group ESH Committee shall be formed, and regulations concerning information security and business continuity planning in the event of critical accidents or disasters and other internal regulations shall be developed.
   (3) The rationality, suitability and legality of decision-making shall be ensured, and risks shall be managed through deliberations on the execution of important business matters at the Board of Directors meetings and Management Committee meetings and compliance with and thoroughgoing implementation of Group regulations for responsibility and authority.
   (4) Reporting requirements in the event of accidents, disasters or critical quality problems and other events that may have a serious adverse effect on the Group’s business performance, financial condition and credibility shall be set forth within company regulations, and steps taken to ensure that information is promptly and suitably conveyed and contingency measures implemented during emergencies in accordance with these regulations shall be prepared.
   (5) Expert Members of the Head Office, particularly in the Business Auditing Department, shall conduct cross-organizational audits of operational risk management, and shall offer necessary and appropriate advice with regard to operational improvements.

4. The System ensuring that directors perform their duties efficiently
   (1) The necessary organizations shall be formed to ensure that directors execute operations efficiently, and the respective responsibilities of these organizations shall be stipulated. Responsibility for operations shall be divided among directors in accordance with Board of Directors’ resolutions, and directors shall execute operations in keeping with these divisions of responsibility.
   (2) An executive officer system and a company system shall be adopted in view of the nature and characteristics of Nabtesco’s business.
      (i) Executive officers shall perform the duties delegated by the Board of Directors and shall report on the same.
      (ii) A company shall be established as a strategic business unit. Each company shall execute
operations in accordance with the Group regulations for responsibility and authority and report on the same.

(3) Efforts shall be made to ensure the suitability and efficiency of decision-making by the Board of Directors with regard to the execution of operations to be submitted for consideration to the Board of Directors by having the Management Committee conduct preliminary examinations to clarify the points of issue before passing the matter on to the Board of Directors.

5. The System ensuring the suitability of operations by the Company and the Group

(1) All principles and guidelines for internal control shall be applied to the whole Nabtesco Group, and efforts made to disseminate and standardize these throughout the Group as a whole.

(2) Management regulations of Nabtesco’s Group companies shall be established to stipulate management classifications and management items for subsidiaries, and a Group-wide structure for responsibility and authority set up, taking into account the scale and importance (impact on the Group) of subsidiaries as well as their autonomy. Furthermore, the system shall be developed so that subsidiaries shall report their important matters with regard to the execution of operations to the Company.

(3) Efforts shall be made to improve the suitability and efficiency of business operations at subsidiaries as well as to make qualitative improvements to financial reports by adopting a fully consolidated basis and appropriately reflecting the performance of all subsidiaries into the consolidated performance of the Company and by conducting performance assessment of the management of companies on a consolidated basis.

(4) Efforts shall be made to dispatch its personnel as directors and auditors to subsidiaries from the Company to ensure more suitable decision-making and execution of operations and to homogenize and improve audits of subsidiaries through the Board of Group Auditors.

(5) Internal audits of subsidiaries shall be executed by our Business Auditing Department. Advice regarding improvements shall be provided as necessary and appropriate as part of these audits.

(6) Efforts shall be made to thoroughly communicate the Nabtesco Group Code of Ethics to subsidiaries and to develop and strengthen compliance systems at subsidiaries by means of compliance education and information sharing.

6. Items on employees to assist corporate auditors ("support personnel"), when corporate auditors request assignment of employees to assist corporate auditors

(1) Should the (Board of) Corporate Auditors request that support personnel be assigned, the appropriate personnel shall be promptly secured after preliminary discussions with the (Board of) Corporate Auditors.

(2) To ensure the independence of support personnel from directors, reassignments and evaluations of these support personnel shall be made only after prior consultation with the (Board of) Corporate Auditors.
(3) Support personnel shall be subject to the instructions and orders of the (Board of) Corporate Auditors in engaging in such support tasks.

7. The System enabling directors and employees to report to corporate auditors; other systems for reporting to corporate auditors

(1) Directors aware of matters that could have a seriously adverse impact on the Company and its Group shall immediately report these to the (Board of) Corporate Auditors.

(2) Directors and employees shall respond promptly and appropriately to requests by the corporate auditors for reports on the Company’s business or for cooperation in investigating the status of the Company’s operations and assets.

(3) With the aim of enhancing cooperation between corporate auditors and departments associated with internal control, consultations and exchange of information and views concerning issues relating to internal control (including reports from directors and employees of subsidiaries to the relevant departments) shall be carried out through the Audit Council, etc. Furthermore, the Board of Group Auditors shall conduct consultations and exchange information and views with corporate auditors and the auditors of subsidiaries with regard to audits.

(4) The corporate auditors hotline established by corporate auditors shall be informed to directors and employees.

(5) Those who reported to corporate auditors (including those who reported to the corporate auditors hotline) shall not be treated unfavorably as a result of making such report.

8. The System to ensure that audits by corporate auditors are carried out effectively

(1) A certain amount of the budget shall be set yearly for paying expenses, etc., with respect to the execution of duties of the corporate auditors. In the event that corporate auditors request from the Company advance payment of costs associated with the execution of their duties, the Company shall account for such expenses, etc., immediately according to laws and regulations, regardless of whether or not the expenses requested are within the budget.

(2) Corporate auditors shall be permitted to attend Management Committee meetings and all other important meetings and to view all management information to enable corporate auditors to implement audits and check the decision-making process on the important matters in the execution of operations, based on information available to directors.

(3) Corporate auditors shall be permitted to hold regular meetings to exchange views with the CEO and the Representative Director.

(4) Corporate auditors shall be permitted to request reports from executive officers and other key employees on the execution of duties.

(5) Corporate auditors shall be permitted to exchange views with accounting auditors and the Accounting & Finance Department regularly and to confirm the suitability of financial reports.

(6) A system shall be ensured to improve the tasks of corporate auditors, and that facilitates regular
reports on audit status to the internal auditing department and other relevant departments, and promotes consultation and exchange of information and opinions between such departments on audit matters.

2. Basic views on elimination of anti-social forces and implementation status

The Nabtesco Group Code of Ethics stipulates that “We will avoid any relationship with anti-social forces, and will firmly and resolutely oppose and refuse any improper demands made by anti-social forces.”

The Company designates a staff member responsible for matters related to anti-social forces within the General Administration Department, which serves as the supervisory organization. The department centrally manages information about anti-social forces, distributes the Manual on Handling Anti-social Forces to all staff members of the department, and regularly provides them with external training. Furthermore, the latest information on anti-social forces as well as advice is obtained based on strengthened collaborative relationships with the police and other bodies tackling anti-social forces.

V. Others

1. Adoption of anti-takeover measures

Adoption of anti-takeover measures None

Supplementary explanation for applicable items

2. Other matters concerning corporate governance system, etc.

The Company’s internal structure for timely information disclosure is as follows.

1. Department responsible for insider information

The Company has set forth the Insider Information Management Standards with the aim of appropriately managing insider information, and centrally manages information by designating the Director in charge of the Corporate Planning and the Corporate Planning Department as the person and the organization responsible for information management, respectively.

2. Internal structure for information disclosure and timely information disclosure

The Company has set forth Information Disclosure Standards on PR and IR with the aim of smoothly implementing the “disclosure” provided in the Insider Information Management Standards and maintaining the homogeneity and impartiality of the disclosed information. It promptly discloses information by designating the General Manager of the Corporate Communication Department and the Corporate Communication Department as the person and the organization responsible for information disclosure, respectively. Information that requires prompt and timely disclosure is reported to the president by the Director in charge of Corporate Communication, who is responsible for timely information disclosure, through
predetermined communication routes and procedures.

3. Method for disclosing corporate information

Nabtesco releases information via TDnet established by the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE). Materials are distributed to the TSE’s press club as necessary and, at the same time, posted on our website.