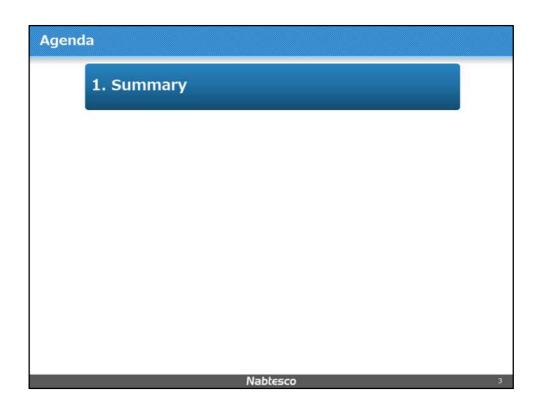
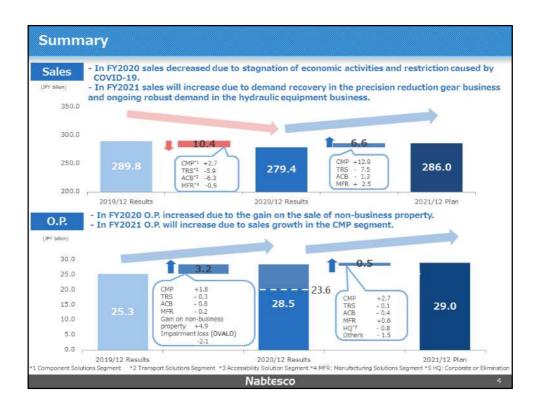


Thank you for joining our online presentation.



Let me explain the contents in order.





#### Sales:

## FY2020 Results:

TRS segment: Sales decreased year-on-year due to a decline in demand related to the Commercial Vehicle Equipment business (approx. JPY 2.0 billion) and the Aircraft Equipment business (approx. JPY 4.0 billion)

ACB segment: Sales decreased by approx. JPY 6.0 billion year-on-year. FY2020 sales decreased by JPY 4.0 billion reflecting a decline in demand for automatic doors and platform doors, which had been anticipated to be strong at the beginning of the fiscal year due to the Tokyo Olympics. In addition, sales decreased by approx. JPY 2.0 billion due to a delay in construction work in the European and U.S. markets as a result of restrictions caused by COVID-19.

While the decline in sales of the ACB segment was almost in line with the initial plan, sales of the CMP segment did not grow as planned. Due to the impact of COVID-19, sales of the TRS and MFR segments did not increase as initially planned. Therefore, sales decreased by JPY 10.4 billion year-on-year on a consolidated basis.

## FY2021 Forecast:

CMP segment: Sales are expected to increase by JPY 12.9 billion.

TSR segment: Sales will likely continue to decline due to the impact of COVID-19.

ACB segment: Sales are anticipated to drop temporarily as the number of platform door projects decreases.

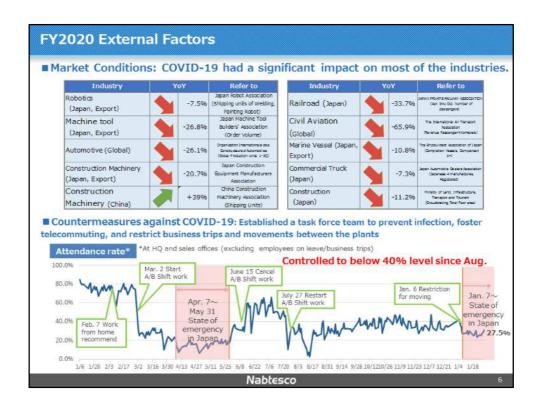
# O.P.:

**FY2020 Results:** O.P. increased year-on-year due to gain on non-business property. O.P. remained virtually unchanged excluding gain on non-business property and impairment

loss of OVALO GmbH.

**FY2021 Forecast:** O.P. will increase by approx. JPY 2.0 billion year-on-year excluding the impact of gain on non-business property and impairment loss of OVALO GmbH incurred in FY2020.





# **External Environment:**

While a decline in demand was witnessed in various businesses due to the impact of COVID-19 in FY2020, there were positive effects such as an increase in demand for construction machinery for China.

# **Countermeasures by Nabtesco:**

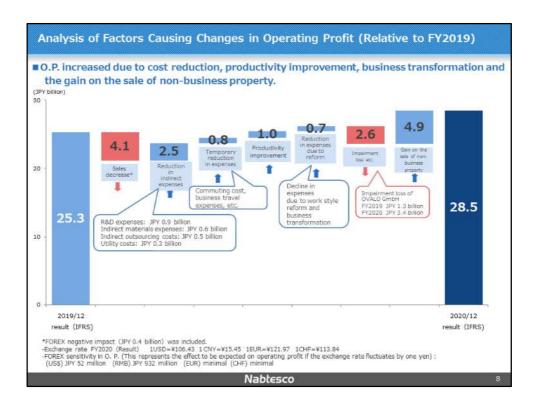
The attendance ratio was controlled through efforts such as work from home and shift work. The attendance ratio dropped below 20% during the period of state of emergency, in particular.

We could continue plant operations by thoroughly implementing countermeasures such as restricting interactions with personnel from other departments and sites at each plant.

roperty.		st reduction in e	each business and	to the gain on the sa	le of non-busir	
	2019/12	2020 /12	2020/12	YOY	Revised Plan	
(JPY million)	Full year result	Full year revised plan As of July, 31 (B)	Full year result	Variation (C-A)	Variation (C-B)	
Sales	289,808	277,000	279,358	-10,450	2,358	
O.P.	25,320	25,300	28,533	3,213	3,233	
(OPM)	8.7%	9.1%	10.2%	1.5pt	1.1pt	
Financial Income and Cost	-205	-624	1,718	1,923	2,342	
quity in earnings of affiliates	2,864	2,324	3,467	603	1,143	
ncome before tax	27,979	27,000	33,718	5,739	6,718	
Net profit*1	17,931	17,300	20,505	2,574	3,205	
1Net profit attributable to	owners of the parent					
ROA	5.3%	5.0%	5.9%	0,6pt	0.9pt	
ROE	9.8%	9.1%	10.6%	0.8pt	1.5pt	
DPS (JPY Yen)	73	75(Plan)	75(Plan)			
Payout ratio	50.5%	53.8%(Plan)	45.4%(Plan)	Average payout rati	o over 4years % (Plan)	

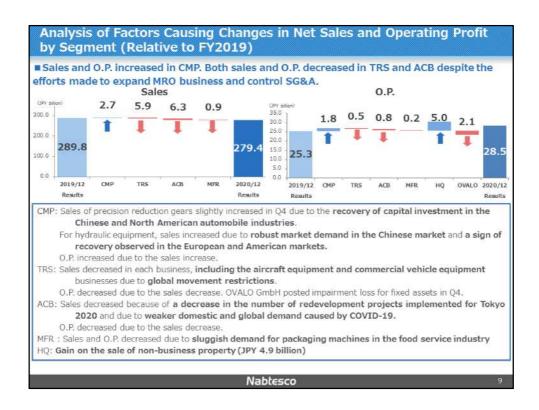
Financial income increased due mainly to valuation gain on share options of Harmonic Drive Systems Inc. (HDS)

Equity in earnings of affiliates increased reflecting an increase in profit of TMT Machinery, Inc., an equity-method textile machinery company.



Expenses for commuting and business trips were reduced temporarily (by approx. JPY 0.8 billion) due to restrictions related to COVID-19

O.P. increased by approx. JPY 0.7 billion as a result of business transformation and work style reforms we have been implementing since 2017.



O.P. improved compared with the plan, despite a JPY 0.5 billion decrease in actual profit of TRS and a year-on-year decline in profit of ACB.

atio of equity attributable to owners of parent: Over 55% hus has a sound balance sheet							
(JPY million)	2019/12 Q4 (As of December 31, 2019)	2020/12 Q4 (As of December 31, 2020)	Variation				
Assets	344,558	351,723	7,166				
(Cash and cash equivalents)	58,686	64,665	5,980				
(Trade receivable)	70,175	75,862	5,687				
(Inventories)	41,257	36,505	-4,752				
(Tangible fixed assets)	87,083	89,522	2,439				
Liabilities	145,424	140,083	-5,342				
(Bonds and borrowings)	43,936	39,866	-4,070				
Total equities	199,133	211,641	12,50				
(Non-controlling interests)	11,735	13,610	1,87				
Equity attributable to owners of parent	187,398	198,031	10,63				

Trade receivables increased year-on-year due to an increase in sales.

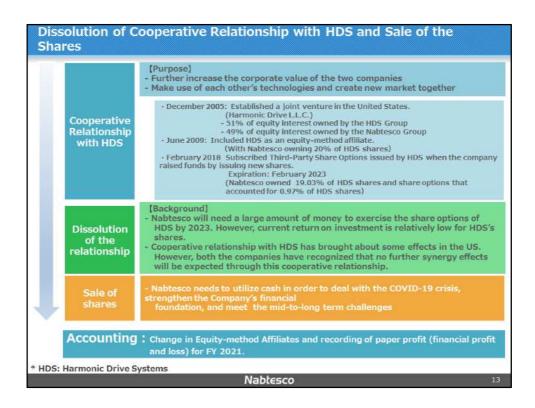
Reference: Consolidated sales for 4Q (Oct.-Dec.) of FY2020 increased by JPY 6.0 billion year-on-year to approx. JPY 30.0 billion from consolidated sales for 4Q (Oct.-Dec.) of FY2019 of approx. JPY 23.3 billion. We believe that the increase in trade receivables is appropriate.

The inventory turnover period was reduced by approx. four days year-on-year. While bonds did not decrease, borrowings decreased year-on-year.

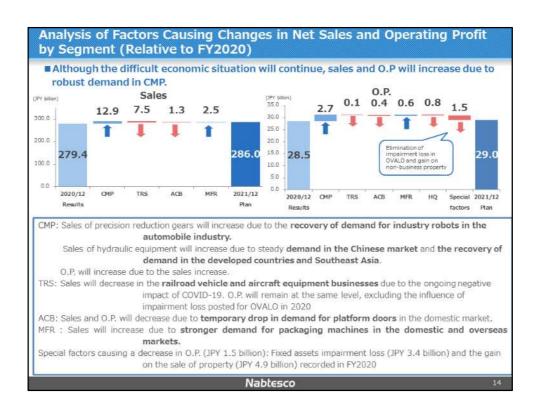


The second secon	rowth in CMP		, overall sales an s for share buyb		
and action and the	2020 /12 Full year result	2021 Full yea		Variation (C-A)	Variation ratio (C-A)/A
(JPY million)	(A)	(8) Excluding valuation gain for HDS	(C.)*** Including valuation gain for HDS		
Sales	279,358	286,	000	6,642	2.4%
O.P.	28,533	29,0	000	467	1.6%
(OPM)	10.2%	10.1	196	-0.1pt	
Financial profit and loss	1,718	-100	132,900		
Income before tax	33,718	30,000	163,000		
Net profit*1	20,505	19,300	112,200		
1 Net profit attributable to	owners of the parent				
ROA	5,9%	5.6%	25.4%		
ROE	10.6%	10.0%	46.9%		
DPS(JPY Yen)	75(Plan)	77(Plan)	77(Plan)	91	
Payout ratio	45.4%(Plan)	49.5%(Plan)	8.2%(Plan)	Average payout ratio over 5 years (2017-2021): 33.5%	
Buyback	_	-	20,000(Plan)		
Total return ratio	45.4%(Plan)	49.5%(Plan)	26.2%(Plan)		

**FY2021 Forecast (B):** Excluding valuation gain on HDS shares **FY2021 Forecast (C):** Valuation gain on HDS shares are included in financial profit and loss.



We dissolved the cooperative relationship and exercised the right to request HDS to purchase the share options expiring 2023. Subsequently, we plan to sell our HDS shares.



### Sales:

CMP segment: Sales of the Precision Reduction Gears business are expected to recover almost to the 2018 level.

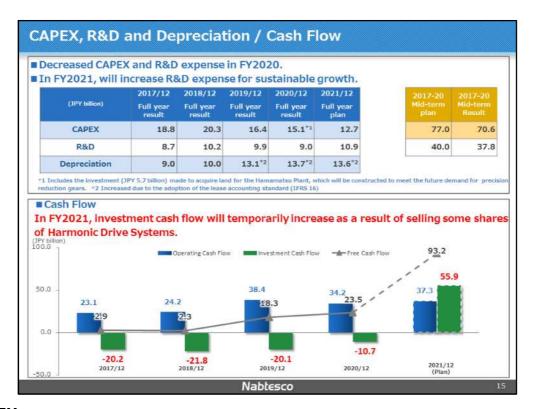
TRS segment: Demand related to the Aircraft Equipment business will likely remain stagnant.

ACB segment: Demand for platform doors in Japan is anticipated to decrease temporarily.

# O.P.:

TRS segment: Despite the effect of a decrease in sales, O.P. is expected to remain virtually unchanged from the previous year, excluding the impairment loss of OVALO GmbH incurred in FY2020.

HQ cost: R&D expenses are expected to increase as R&D projects which could not be implemented in FY2020 will be carried over to FY2021.



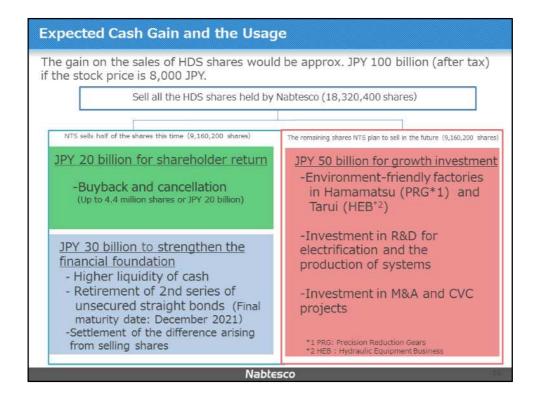
# **CAPEX:**

CAPEX for FY 2020 was approx. JPY 10.0 billion, excluding the acquisition of land (JPY 5.7 billion) for the new Hamamatsu plant (precision reduction gears). Actual CAPEX decreased year-on-year.

CAPEX for FY2021 will be JPY 12.7 billion. CAPEX related primarily to environmental measures.

## **Investment Cash Flow:**

Increase in deposits due to sale of HDS shares.



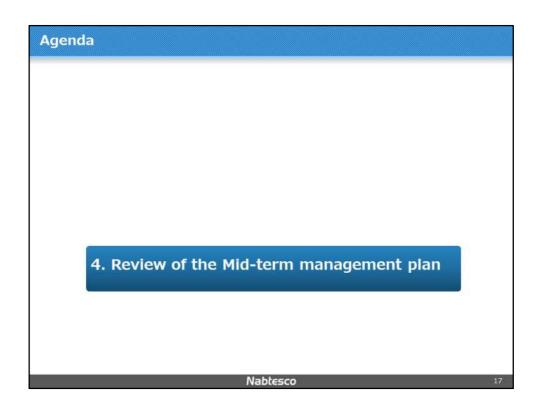
Strengthen the financial foundation (ensure high liquidity by keeping sufficient cash on hand)

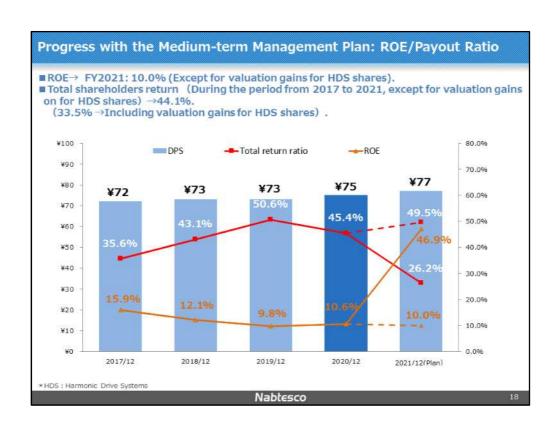
Amid the severe external environment due to COVID-19, we will prepare for any eventualities for Nabtesco, its Group companies and suppliers by ensuring high liquidity by keeping sufficient cash on hand. If it is not used, it may be returned to shareholders.

(Settlement of the difference arising from selling shares)

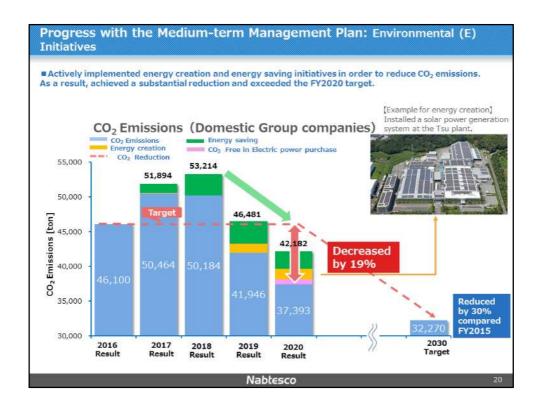
The stock price may decline as the shares will be sold over the next 1.5 years. Therefore, we will prepare for the adjustment of the difference.

The gains from selling the remaining HDS shares in the future will be used for growth investment





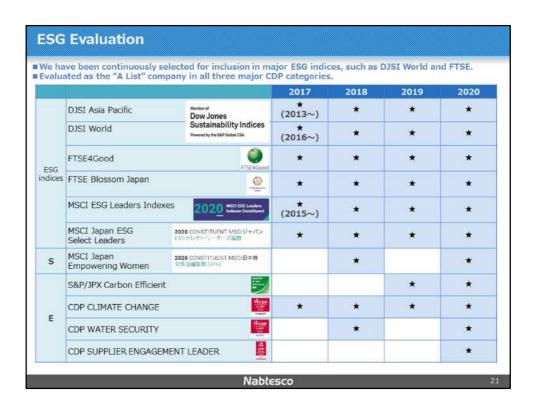
#### Progress with the Medium-term Management Plan: Focus on Solving ESG Issues Steady implementation of measures for sustainability and governance -E: "Combat climate change," "Reduce environmental impact," "Disclose more non-financial information" -S: "Further revitalize the organization," "Enhance human resource development," "Enhance CSR-oriented procurement" -G: "Ensure management transparency," "Globalize Risk management/Compliance" FY 2017/12 FY 2018/12 FY 2019/12 FY 2020/12 Materiality ■ Achieved 2020 CO2 reduction recommendations of TCFD Promoted the introduction of renewable energy Accelerated measures to comply with the Act on Rational Use and Appropriate Management of Fluorocarbons against climate change Started examining the 1.5 Environdegrees Celsius scenario -----ment (E) Environmentally friendly ■ Managed hazardous substances ■Offered environment-related incentives contained in products through LCA nanufacturing Transparent ■ Revised the CSR-oriented procurement activities procurement policy Transition to a selective career ■ Launch of the Business Transformation Division ■ Implemented due ■ Returned the benefits of diligence (DD) for human employees ■ Returned the benefits of might productivity to employees Provide safe and comfortable workplaces program ■ Implemented due diligence (DD) for human rights ■ Adopted Board Benefit Trust (BBT) as a Revised CG basic policy ■ Increased the ratio of outside Strengthen CG directors system compensation plan ■ Provided compliance training at Group companies in and outside Risk management on a Enhanced risk ■ Globalized the internal reporting system Promote risk management and compliance ompany-wide basis Gover-Japan nance (G) Strengthened corruption Set local rules to prevent corruption and bid rigging Established an integrated risk management system Ensure proactive dialogue with stakeholders ■Established the Nabtesco Group Community session Investment Policy ■Disclosed ESG data ■ Held the first IR Day ■ Set a new materiality list ■Enhanced Integrated eporting Nabtesco



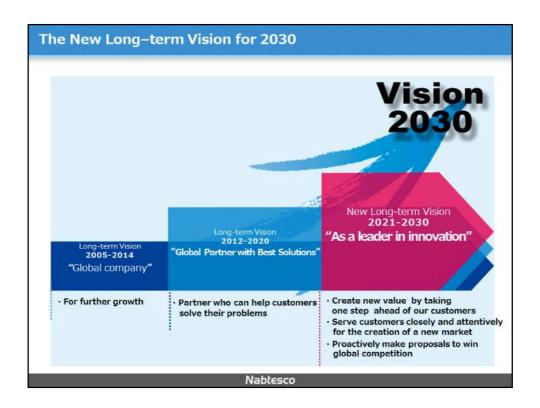
In terms of the Environmental Initiatives, we have been actively implementing energy creation and energy saving in order to reduce CO2 emissions since 2017. Solar power generation systems were introduced between 2017 and 2018, and the effects of energy creation started to appear in 2019. As a result, the five-year targets for the period through 2020 were exceeded by 19%.

Our long-term target for 2030 corresponds to the "2 -degree scenario," with a commitment to reduce CO2 emissions by 30% from the 2015 level.

We have started to consider the 1.5-degree scenario, and we expect to set a target within 2021. We will continue to upgrade aging facilities and introduce solar power generation systems.





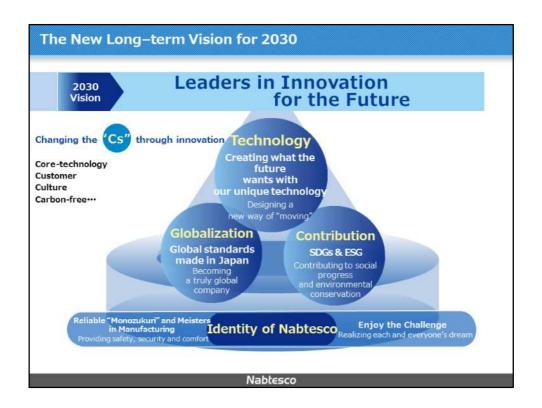


It has been nearly 20 years since Nabtesco Corporation was established following the integration of Teijin Seiki Co., Ltd. and NABCO Ltd.

Our long-term vision for 2005-2014 "Global Company" was achieved ahead of schedule.

With regard to our long-term vision for 2012-2020 "Global Partner with Best Solutions," we believe that our company is responding steadily to the needs and requests of our customers and they feel that we are their partner.

We went one step further for our long-term vision for 2021-2030 with the slogan "As a leader in innovation." We want to enhance the meaning of the company's existence by actively developing and proposing products that even our customers have not thought of themselves.



We will pursue the following three pillars toward our 2030 vision "Leaders in Innovation for the Future."

- · Further developing and evolving core technologies.
- Globalization: Overseas sales currently account for 50% of consolidated sales. There is still room to develop overseas markets.
- The new vision focuses on social contribution (SDGs & ESG) as a theme that was not taken up in the previous vision but we have been working on under the current medium-term management plan. We also want to focus on solving social issues through innovation.



The new medium-term management plan for 2022-2024 will be formulated in 2021 and various KPIs will be set.

